Beam Profiling Camera Based –WinCamD Series

Smallest pixel: 3.2 x 3.2 µm* Smallest Beam: 32 um**

λ Range:



Features

- ♦ NEW WinCamD-LCM 1" CMOS array with 5.5 μm², 1, 2, & 4 MPixel Formats available
- **♦** Synchronous Shutter = No Comet Tailing
- ♦ Update Rate to 50 Hz with new SuperSpeed USB 3.0 interface (LCM series is USB 3.0 all others USB 2.0)
- **♦ New stackable MagND Filters** (LCM series only)
- ♦ **Port-powered,** flexible 3 m cable, *no external power supply required.*
- ♦ WinCamD-LCM Compact 1.8 x 1.8 " x 0.8" (20 mm) fits tight beam trains
- ♦ **HyperCal[™]** Dynamic Noise and Baseline Correction software (Pat. Pending)
- ♦ CTE[™] Comet Tail Elimination for λ> 900 nm (CCD based cameras), (Pat. Pending)
- ♦ Digital CCD/CMOS cameras with on-chip 12/14/16-bit ADC (camera dependent)
- ♦ 4 MB image buffer & on-board microprocessor
- ♦ Window-free sensors standard for no fringing
- ♦ 25,000:1 electronic auto-shutter, 40 µs to 1000 ms
- ♦ 1,000:1 SNR (30/60 dB Optical/Electrical)
- ♦ Pulsed laser auto-trigger & synchronization
- ♦ Isolated Pulse Triggering and Parallel capture on multiple cameras
- ♦ Field-replaceable image sensors
- ♦ Large area TaperCamD options to 20 x 15 mm (p.7)
- \Diamond X-Ray, UV, 1310 nm (p.8), 1475-1680 nm (p.10) & 2-16 μ m
- Windows 8, 7, Vista and XP, 32 and 64 bit. PC or Mac-Intel using Parallels or BootCamp

Applications

- ♦ CW & Pulsed laser profiling
- ♦ Field servicing of lasers and laser-based systems
- ♦ Optical assembly & instrument alignment
- ♦ Beam wander & logging
- ♦ M² Measurements



Imaged Areas*: 6.3 x 4.8 to 20 x 15 mm

190 nm - 1<u>6 µm</u>*



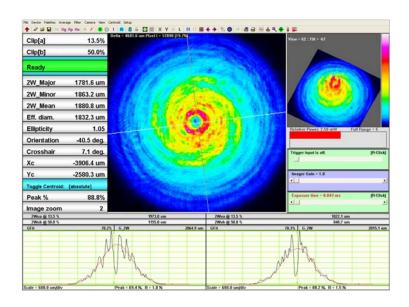
WinCamD-LCM Series Camera With *new* MagND Filter Shown actual size 1.8 x 1.8 x 0.8"



BladeCam Series Camera 1.8 x 1.8 x .065"

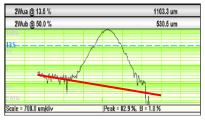


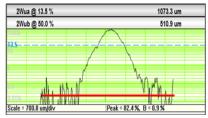
WinCamD Series Camera $2.40 \times 2.65 \times 1.12$ " (x0.9" without filter) $61 \times 67 \times 28$ mm



New - More Powerful Beam Analysis Software

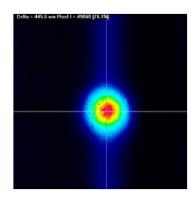
Log profile displays, no averaging.

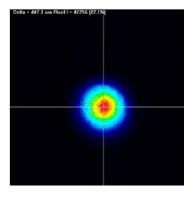




Without **HyperCal™** 0.3% noise + baseline tilt

With **HyperCal™** Noise <0.1% & flat baseline

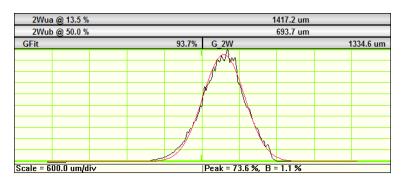




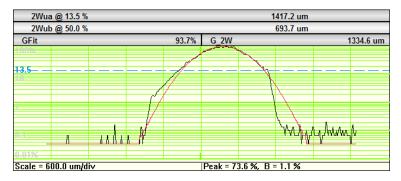
With 1064 nm Comet Tail

With CTE™

CTE™ Comet Tail Elimination @ λ> 900 nm

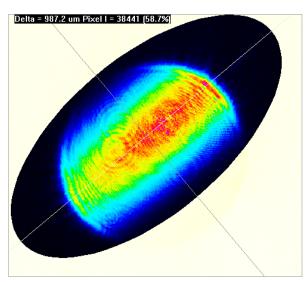


Standard Linear Profile with Gaussian Fit.

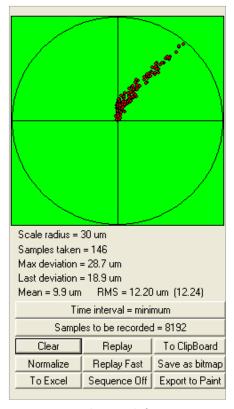


Logarithmic Profile shows more detail near baseline

The same profile with Averaging & Log 40 dB display reveals structure in the wings of the beam at levels below 1%



Auto-Inclusion Region on an Elliptical Beam Automatically isolates the appropriate analysis region. With user overrides and multi-beam features.



Beam Wander on a drifting Laser

Up to 8192 samples at a User Set interval.

Mean, RMS and Max. deviation. Replay Fast or
Slow. Export to Excel, Paint, Bitmap or Clipboard.

DataRay Innovation - The company that brought you the *first* Windows-based CCD beam profiler, the *first* Camera for confined spaces, the *first* software slider exposure and electronic auto-shutter, the *first* standard window-free CCD for no fringing, the *first* auto-orientation on the ellipse & the *first* USB 2.0 beam profiling camera ... has done it again now with our new USB 3.0 compact 1" format cameras.

Compact WinCamD cameras: Fully featured cameras small enough to fit in your shirt pocket, or to fit in a space 0.65" thick (BladeCam).

Features:

- ♦ Digital serial link for EMI immunity
- XY profiles and centroids
- ♦ Linear and logarithmic displays
- ♦ Gaussian and Top Hat least squares fits
- ♦ Ellipse Angle, Major, Minor, Mean Diameters
- ♦ Background capture and subtraction
- ♦ Image & Intensity Zoom
- ♦ Linear and area filters
- ♦ Image Averaging, 1 to continuous
- ♦ Compact design 0.65" Probe style for tight applications

WinCamD-CCD & CMOS Sensor Specifications:

WinCamD™	-LCM4	-LCM2	-LCM1	-UCD12	-UCD15	-UCD23	-HR***	-XHR***	-FIR2-16-HR
Pixel Count &	4 M Pixel	2 M Pixel	1 M Pixel	1.4 M Pixel	1.9 M Pixel	1.4 M Pixel	1.3 M Pixel	3.1 M Pixel	308 k Pixel
H x V:	2048 x 2048	1600 x 1200	1024 x 1024	1360 x1024	1600 x 1200	1360 x1024	1280 x 1024	2048 x 1536	480 x 640
Sensor image area (mm):	11.3 x 11.3	8.8 x 6.6	11.3 x 11.3	6.3 x 4.8	7.1 x 5.4	8.8 x 6.6	6.6 x 5.3	6.5 x 4.9	10.9 x 8.2
Pixel dimension (µm):	5.5 x 5.5	5.5 x 5.5	11 x 11	4.65 x 4.65	4.4 x 4.4	6.45 x 6.45	5.2 x 5.2	3.2 x 3.2	17 x 17
Min. beam (10 pixels):	55 μm	55 μm	110 μm	~47 μm	~44 μm	~65 μm	~52 μm	~32 μm	~170 µm
Shutter type:	Synchronous	Synchronous	Synchronous	Synchronous	Synchronous	Synchronous	Rolling	Rolling	Sampled Array
Max. full frame rate:	≥15 Hz	≥30 Hz	≥30 Hz	~5-10 Hz	~5-10 Hz	~5-10 Hz	~5-10 Hz	~5-10 Hz	9 Hz
Max. 'every pulse' PRR:	10 Hz	≥30 Hz	≥30 Hz	~5-10 Hz	~5-10 Hz	~5-10 Hz	NA	NA	NA
Single pulse capture PRR:	18 Hz	18 Hz	18 Hz	20 kHz	NA				
Signal to RMS Noise:	1,000:1	1,000:1	1,000:1	1,000:1	1,000:1	1,000:1	1000:1	1000:1	>100:1
Opt./Elec.* dB:	60 dB	60 dB	60 dB	30/60* dB	30/60* dB	30/60* dB	30/60* dB	30/60* dB	>20/40* dB
Electronic Shutter Dynamic Range:	63 dB	63 dB	63 dB	44 dB	9 dB				
ND+Shutter+SNR Dynamic Range**:	113 dB**	Call							
	2.1011:1	2.1011:1	2.1011:1	2.1011:1	1.6 11:1	2.1011:1	2.10.1011:1	2.10.1011:1	Call
TaperCamD-UCD12 pixel size:	NA	NA	NA	11 x 11 μm	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TaperCamD-UCD20-15 Pixel size:	15 x 15	NA	NA	NA	NA	15 x 15 μm	NA	NA	NA
ADC:	12/ 10 bit	12/ 10 bit	12/ 10 bit	14-bit	16-bit	14-bit	10-bit	10-bit	12-bit
Interface:	USB 3.0	USB 3.0	USB 3.0	USB 2.0					

^{*}OK, we agree that quoting electrical dB for optical SNR is nonsense, but some suppliers do this, so we offer a comparable specification.

Common WinCamD/BladeCam Series Specifications: [Specifications are subject to change without notice]

~350 to 1150 nm
~350 to 1330 nm. Residual silicon response. 1290 nm long-pass filter and light guard tube provided.
~1480 to 1680 nm. NIR to Visible conversion phosphor (Erbium response), 40 μm FWHM Point Spread Function
$^{\sim}2$ to 16 and 35 μm pixel pitch, 640 x 480 pixels, 10.9 x 8.2 mm (WinCamD-FIR2-16-HR)
~190 to 1150 nm UV converters with wavelength options down to X-ray. UV resolution to $1\mu m$.
25,000:1 (44 dB) continuously variable auto electronic shutter, <40 μ s to 1.0 s. Additional 10,000:1 ND filter + 5:1 electronic control to give 10 9 :1.
Auto-trigger sync, TTL input trigger, TTL output trigger
Port Powered USB 2.0 for laptops & desktops. 3 m standard thin cable, 5 m option. USB 3.0 compatible
1 – 8 cameras. Parallel capture, serial read.
Beam profile Second moment processing
RoHS, WEEE, CE
CW beams, Pulsed sources. CW to 25 kHz with single pulse isolation, user configurable Synchronous, Asynchronous & Variable Delay trigger options.
Software programmable trigger input, +ve or –ve edge, 2 k Ω impedance
See the Saturation Beam Power/Pulse Energy Graph and Notes, below.
Provided ND 4.0 (10,000:1) C-mount Neutral Density filters. [ND 4.0 at 546 nm, higher in blue, lower in near IR.] Screw stackable ND 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 available.
EAM-2: 4-wheel stepped variable attenuator, 0 to 90 dB CUB and CUB-UV 3 to 10 %, 30 arc minute wedge samplers for high power beams
0.1 μ m processing resolution for interpolated diameters. Absolute accuracy is beam profile dependent – ~1 μ m accuracy is frequently achievable.
Centroid accuracy is also beam dependent. It can be as good as $\pm 1~\mu m$ since it is arithmetically derived from all pixels above the centroid clip level.

^{**} OK, we agree that Dynamic Range that includes removable ND filters is also nonsense, but some suppliers do this, so we offer comparable specification with ND

^{***} Available in both BladeCam™ and WinCamD™ housings

Measured & Displayed Profile Parameters

D D: +	Diameter at the contract Clin Invalu	
Beam Diameter:	Diameter at two user set Clip levels	

Gaussian & Second Moment beam diameters Equivalent diameter above a user defined Clip level

Equivalent Slit and Knife Edge diameters Gaussian & Top Hat profile fit & % fit

Equivalent Slit profile

Ellipticity: Major, Minor & Mean diameters. Auto-orientation of axes.

Centroid Position: Relative and absolute

Intensity Weighted Centroid and Geometric Center

Beam Wander Display and Statistics

Smoothing Filter: Triangular running filter up to 10% FWHM

Displayed Profiles & Plots	X-Y Profiles, 2D, 3D Plots. Zoom to x10
	10, 32, 16,384 or colors or gray scale. Contoured display at 10 and 32 color.

Beam Fit:

HyperCal™ Real-time electronic baseline correction CTE™ Comet Tail Elimination

Image & profile averaging, 1, 5, 10, 20, Continuous

Background Capture and Subtraction User set Capture Block option

*.job files save all WinCamD custom settings for particular test configurations

Pass/Fail display	On-screen, in selectable Pass/Fail colors. Ideal for QA & Production.
Log data and statistics	Min., Max., Mean, Standard Deviation. Up to 4096 samples

Relative Power Measurement Fluence

Processing Options

Rolling histogram based on user's initial input. Units of mW, µ, dBm, % or user choice (relative to a reference measurement input)

Fluence, within user defined area

Chip depth from front of case	LCM Series	5.7 / 10.7 mm (12.0	05 mm with MagND)	
/filter ring all ±~0.2 mm	WinCamD-UCD12	8.6 / 13.1 mm		
	WinCamD-UCD15	5.7/ 10.2 mm		
	WinCamD-UHR/ XHR	8.5/ 13.0 mm		
	WinCamD-UCD23	8.0 / 12.5 mm		
(current, verify with factory)	BladeCam-HR/ XHR	5.0/ 9.5 mm		
Outline and Mounting W x H x D	WinCamD-LCM	1.8 x 1.8 x 0.81"	(46 x 46x 20.7 mm)	MagND Filter adds 0.25" (6.35mm) only LCM series
See Drawings Below	WinCamD-Series	2.65 x 2.4 x 0.9"	(67 x 61 x 23/29 mm)	C-mount ND Filter adds 0.2" (5mm)
See Diawiiigs BeiOM	BladeCam-HR/ XHR	1.8 x 1.8 x 0.45"	(46 x 46 x 11.5/16.5 mm)	C-mount ND Filter adds 0.2" (5mm)

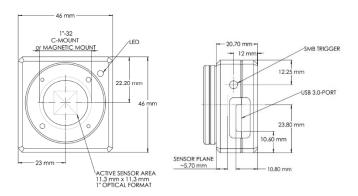
Camera Head Weight WinCamD 155 gm (5.5 oz); BladeCam- 42.5 grams (1.5 oz)

Minimum Computer Requirements: PC or Intel-Mac

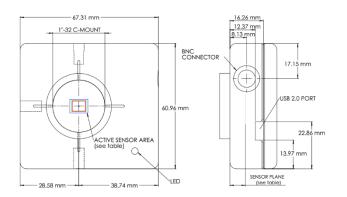
2 GHz processor or higher running Windows 7/ Vista/XP, 32 or 64-bit; 2 GB RAM; 200 MB Hard Drive space;

1024 x 768 monitor, Standard USB 2.0 hi-power (500 mA) port or USB 3.0 port.

Outline and Mounting (shown actual size)



WinCamD-LCM Series With new MagND filter

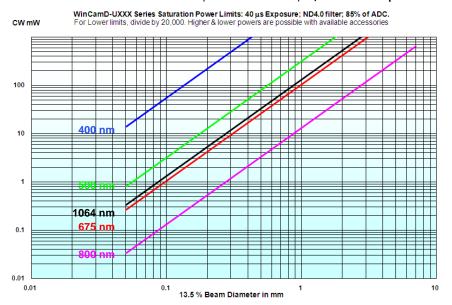


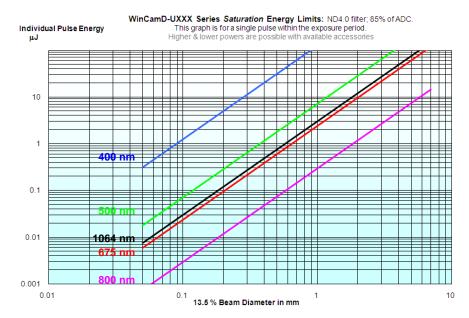
WinCamD series with c-mount ND filter

Saturation Beam Power/ Pulse Energy Graphs

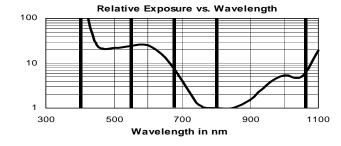
These two graphs allow you to simply determine the approximate maximum CW optical power (above) or pulse energy (below) that the standard WinCamD/BladeCam configuration can measure for your beam diameter and wavelength without additional attenuation. The **Saturation Limit** assumes:

- The provided ND 4.0 filter in place
- The electronic shutter set at 40 μs , its lowest value
- The ADC gain set at 1, its lowest value
- The beam onto the ND filter must not exceed 2.5 x (Beam diam. in mm) W, or 10 W total power for large beams.





The lower limit in the standard configuration is $\sim 10^{-5}$ x the Saturation Limit. Use the graph right to estimate for other wavelengths.



ORDERING INFORMATION

3 Year Warranty

♦ Free Software Upgrades

♦ 30 Day Sale or Return Evaluation PO

A Complete System comprises: USB 3.0/ 2.0 Camera, ND 1, 2 & 4.0 filters, Software, 3 m (10 ft) Cable, User Manual.

Generate the Part Number based upon the component descriptions, and limitations, in the table.

Your CCD or CMOS chip choice does *not* affect the system price, except for the –UCD15 & -UCD23 CCD chips which cost more.

Part Number =	Camera type +	CCD/CMOS chip +	Suffix (if required)
	BladeCam	-HR/-XHR	-UV/-1310/-NIR
	WinCamD	-LCM4/-LCM2/-LCM1 -UCD12/-UCD15/ -UCD23/-UHR/-XHR	-UV/-1310/-NIR
	TaperCamD20-15	-UCD23	-1310/-NIR

e.g. WinCamD-UCD12 is a complete working system with a High Resolution CCD sensor with 4.65 μm pixels.

TaperCamD-1310 is a complete working system with a 14.4 x 10.8 mm FO Taper for 1310 nm.

Taper camp 1010	a complete working system with a 14.4 x 10.0 min 100 raper for 1510 min.
Part Number Descript	ions
WinCamD-LCM4	1" CCD sensor for CW and pulsed, 2048 x 2408 pixels, 11.3 x 11.3 mm, 5.5 x 5.5 μm pixel
WinCamD-LCM2	$\%$ " CCD sensor for CW and pulsed, 1600 x 1200 pixels, 8.8 x 6.6 mm, 5.5 x 5.5 μ m pixel
WinCamD-LCM1	$\%$ " CCD sensor for CW and pulsed, 1024 x 1024 pixels, 11.3 x 11.3 mm, 11.0 x 11.0 μ m pixel
WinCamD-UCD12	½" CCD sensor for CW and pulsed, 1360 x 1024 pixels, 6.3 x 4.8 mm, 4.65 x 4.65 μm pixel
WinCamD-UCD23	$\%$ " CCD sensor for CW and pulsed, 1360 x 1024 pixels, 8.8 x 6.6 mm, 6.45 x 6.45 μ m pixel
WinCamD-UCD15	1 /1.8" CCD sensor for CW and pulsed, 1600 x 1200 pixels, 7.1 x 5.4 mm, 4.4 x 4.4 μ m pixel
BladeCam-HR	$\%$ " CMOS sensor for CW and high PRR, 1280 x 1024 pixels, 6.6 x 5.3 mm, 5.2 x 5.2 μ m pixel also available in WinCamD-WinCamD-UHR
BladeCam-XHR	$\chi^{\prime\prime}$ CMOS sensor for CW and high PRR, 2048 x 1536 pixels, 6.5 x 4.9 mm, 3.2 x 3.2 μ m pixel also available in WinCamD- WinCamD-XHR
TaperCamD-UCD12	WinCamD-UCD12 with 14.4 x 10.8 mm 2.25:1 FO taper on the sensor
TaperCamD20-15-UCD23	WinCamD-UCD23 with 20 x 15 mm 2.27:1 FO taper on the sensor.
-1310	Adds 50 mm C-mount tube and long-pass filter for 1290 to 1350 nm work.
-UV	Camera with 3 mm UG11 filter instead of ND 4.0. Works at 260 through 380 nm.
-IR	On-chip IR to visible phosphor converter for 1480 to 1600 nm.
-FIR2-16	Complete IR camera for 2 to 16 μm
Extra cameras are availa	able at a reduced cost and come with Cable, Mount and ND filter, but no Software or User Manual. Confirm with factory.
	Add additional suffix -X to the system Part #. E.g.: WinCamD-UHR becomes WinCamD-UHR-X
Accessories	
EAM-2	Variable Attenuator, 93 dB optical dynamic range. Max.: 1 W/cm²; 100 mJ/cm².
CUB & CUB-UV	Vis & UV Beam wedge splitters, 3% to 10% (polarization dependent) C-mount to camera.
ND0.5, ND1.0, ND2.0, ND3.0, ND4.0, ND5.0	, Additional Neutral Density filters in ND 1 steps in stackable C-mount threaded holders. (ND4.0 filter comes as standard with the system.). See User Manual for curves. (Add L after ND for use with TaperCamD20-15, e.g. NDL3.0)
M-Squared Option for	WinCamD – USB 2.0
M2DU-WC	WinCamD-Series USB 2.0 M² Scan: 2.5 μm steps, 44 mm travel add lens below. (Order Lens assembly separately) UV, VIS, NIR, FIR Focal lengths from 50 – 1000 mm
Other DataRay Profiling	Instruments
BeamMap2	Real Time M-Squared Multi-plane profiler 0.1 μ m resolution on CW lasers. Focus, Alignment, Divergence, M ² Visible and Telecom wavelengths, Dual Detector 190 nm to 2.4 μ m.
Beam'R2	0.1 μm sampling on CW lasers, 0.5 μm to 4 mm beam dimensions, Dual Detector 190 nm to 2.4 μm.
BeamScope-P8 100 μm to 23 mm, M² accessory option, ISO 11146 Standard Linear scanning slit, CW or Pulsed (PRR >5 kHz) lasers, up to 23 x 45 scanned area, 190 nm to 1.8 μm.	

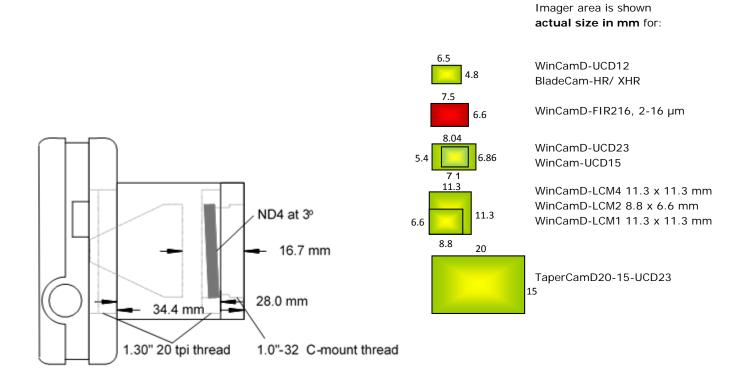
TaperCamD for Direct Imaging of Larger Beams

TaperCamD20-15-UCD23 series beam profiling cameras are unique to DataRay and offer a larger effective imager area. TaperCamD cameras offer direct imaging of the beam without any of the Gaussian beam near-field/far-field issues that arise with the use of beam expansion telescopes.

They are available in standard, -1310 and -NIR versions.

Fiber optic tapers are fused coherent fiber bundles, heated, drawn and polished to give an output end the size of the imager chip. The image is **demagnified** (M<1) from the faceplate input to the imager chip end. The taper ends are bonded to the surface of the imager chip using a proprietary DataRay process which eliminates both surface reflections and thermal cycling stress.

- The PMF (Pixel Multiply Factor) shown below and on the camera label is entered into the software in order to provide correct diameter readings.
- NA at the imager end is 1.0. NA at the input faceplate is a factor of M smaller (0.45) light at higher angles will be attenuated.
- The individual fibers at the input end are 6 μm pitch with a 50% core/cladding area ratio.
- Refractive index is 1.81, leading to a front surface reflectivity of 8.3%.
- Residual distortion is specified by the manufacturer at ±3% barrel/pin-cushion distortion. In our experience this distortion is concentrated towards the edges of the field.
- Residual non-uniformity in optical response is generally small and requires no correction, but the ability to do so is available in the software.
- Empty filter holders are available for both TaperCamD sizes.
- A 0.25" deep extension ring is available with male and female 1.30"-20 tpi threads.

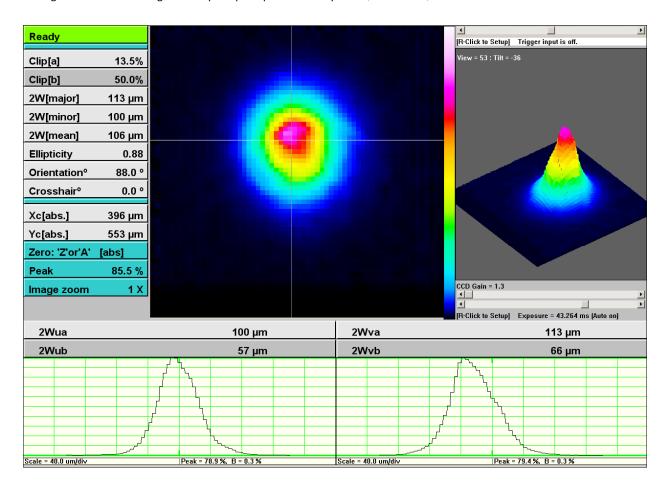


TaperCamD20-15-UCD23, **PMF = 2.27**

WinCamD-XXXX-1310: High Resolution beam profiling to 1350 nm.

Image of a 1310 nm beam, 100 µm diameter, 1.5 mW. [43 ms Shutter, no ND filter]

The high resolution advantage of 4.65 µm square pixels is clearly seen. (WinCamD-UCD12)



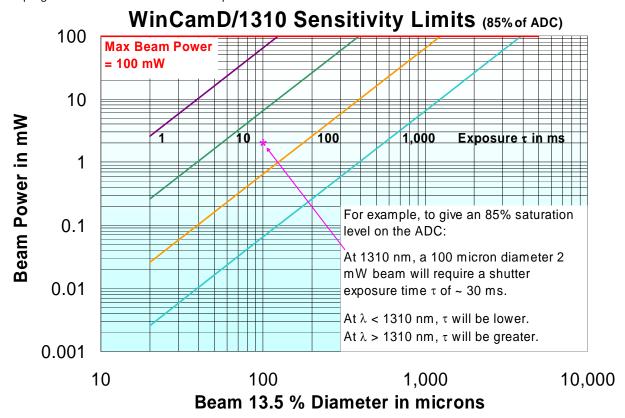
Summary:

- 1) **Technology. WinCamD-XXXX-1310** uses proprietary software and electronics in conjunction with sensors that exhibit residual sensitivity at 1310 nm. This is a tailing silicon response, and has been observed out to at least 1340 nm. The effective Quantum Efficiency (QE) in this tailing response is around 0.01%, i.e. a factor of around ~10⁴ down on the visible response.
- 2) **Features**. Despite the low QE, WinCamD-XXXX-1310 cameras can be very attractive for 1310 nm region use if the source irradiance is adequate (see later). The small 5.5/4.65 micron square pixels give much higher resolution than standard NIR cameras. The WinCamD shutter exposure of up to 1047 ms is 25 to 30 times greater than that of standard cameras, partially compensating the low 1310 nm sensitivity.
- 3) **Operational Issues**. ND filters are not normally used with WinCamD-XXXX-1310, unless the beam power is very high, meaning that normal laboratory background can dominate the 1310 nm signal. Options are:
 - Use no filter and work in a darkened room, or with black screening
 - Use a long pass filter which blocks radiation below the wavelength(s) of interest.

DataRay supports both options.

- ♦ No Filter Operation. With no shading or filtering, a typical room background level is equivalent to an exposure time of ~3 ms. i.e. the background is ~10% of the signal when the exposure time with signal is ~0.3 ms. This emphasizes the need to suppress the ambient light as far as is possible. Working in a darkened lab is the best solution.
- ♦ The provided 50 mm long, 30 mm OD, black-anodized C-mount tube, reduces ambient lab background by a factor of around 4.
- ♦ A 100 mm long tube will reduce the ambient lab background by a factor of around 8.
- With thin black card and tape, you can mount your own custom tube off the provided 50 mm C-mount extension, and customize the ambient suppression shading to your application.

- Long-Pass Filter Option. DataRay provides the WinCamD-XXXX-1310 camera with an angled, C-mount WCD-LPF1290 custom long pass filter, with ≥80% transmission above 1295 nm, 50% transmission at 1290 nm, 1% transmission at 1285 nm, fully blocked below 1250 nm.
- ♦ This filter provides very effective blocking of visible light, e.g. ambient light or laser pump signal. It has a custom construction to minimize fringing effects, but can still lead to some fringing due to internal reflections in the filter sandwich and between the filter rear surface and the CCD. Filters with lower cut-on wavelengths can be obtained to special order.
- ♦ **Exposure Time**. Use the graph below to estimate the required exposure time for your beam.
- Maximum Beam Power. Note the red line indicating to the maximum power of 100 mW allowed on the CCD. Above this level, you must use sampling or attenuation to reduce the beam power.

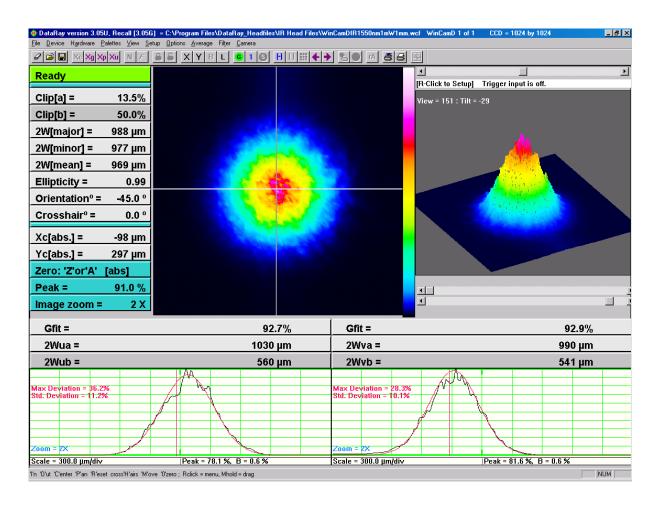




WinCamD, WCD-LPF1290 long pass filter, CM-50 50 mm tube,

3 m cable, Software CD, User manual.

WinCamD-NIR: Economical Telecom beam profiling, 1475 to 1600 nm



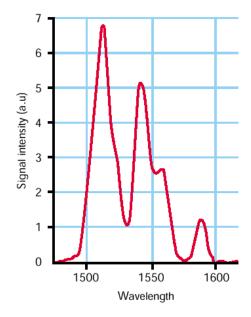
WinCamD-Series-NIR & TaperCamD-NIR for Telecom C & L bands

- ♦ 1475 to 1600 nm, IR to visible conversion phosphor on Silicon CCD
- \diamond =25 μ m FWHM point spread function due to phosphor (\approx 70 μ m for CamIR Adapter)
- \diamond $\pm 10\%$ spatial response non-uniformity due to phosphor $^{\sim}20~\mu\text{W}$ to 100 mW, for 1 mm diam. @1550 nm. (With 0.02% transmission (1550 nm) ND filter)
 - o e.g. 10 ms exposure on 1 mW, 1 mm diameter beam at 1550 nm.
- **Gamma**: Signal = (Incident Irradiance)[®] where γ =1.414.

Gamma (y) correction is included in the software.



CamIR Adapter with C-mount



46 mm diam. x 97 mm long

NEW WinCamD-FIR2-16-HR

Compact, Portable, Port-Powered, USB 2.0 10.6 μm Beam Profiling for Windows 8, 7, XP & Vista, 32 or 64 bit operating systems

Features

- ↑ 17 µm pixel pitch, 640 x 480 pixels, 10.9 mm x 8.2 mm
- 2 to 16 μm wavelength range microbolometer
- ♦ Port Powered USB 2.0; flexible 3 m cable, no power brick
- ♦ **12-bit ADC**, 4 MB image buffer & on-board microprocessor
- ♦ 16 ms time constant
- No Chopper Measure Pulsed or CW Beams
- Room Temperature no cooling required

Applications

- ♦ CO₂/FIR laser profiling
- ♦ Field servicing of CO₂ lasers and laser-based systems
- ♦ Optical assembly & instrument alignment
- ♦ Beam wander & logging



2.40 x 2.65 x 2.05" (1.86" without filter) [61 x 67 x 52.15 mm]

Compact, Room Temperature, Port Powered WinCamD-FIR cameras.

Features:

- ♦ Digital serial link for EMI immunity
- XY profiles and centroids
- ♦ Linear and logarithmic displays
- ♦ Gaussian and Top Hat least squares fits
- ♦ Ellipse Angle, Major, Minor, Mean Diameters

- Background capture and subtraction
- ♦ Image & Intensity Zoom
- ♦ Linear and area filters
- ♦ Image Averaging, 1 to continuous
- ♦ PC Or Mac-Intel Operation

WinCamD-FIR Specifications

Wavelength Ranges	~2 to 16 μm
Pulsed lasers	pulse rep rates should be greater than 100 kHz
Compact	2.40" x 2.65" x 2.05" [61 x 67 x 52.15 mm]
Interface	USB 2.0 for laptops & desktops, 3 m standard thin cable, 5 m option USB 3.0 compatible.
ISO 11146	Beam profile Second moment processing
Certification	RoHS, WEEE, CE
Measurable Sources	CW beams, Pulsed sources: free-running, not triggerable; average pulses over the \approx 20 ms exposure period or with frame averaging. Mean irradiance limits still apply.
Measured Beam Powers	Contact Application Engineer for options
Manual Beam Attenuation:	Contact Application Engineer for options
Measurement Accuracy	$5~\mu m$ processing resolution for interpolated diameters. Absolute accuracy is beam profile dependent $-\sim\!35~\mu m$ accuracy is frequently achievable.
	Centroid accuracy is also beam dependent. It can be as good as $\pm 20~\mu m$ since it is arithmetically derived from all pixels above the centroid clip level.